

StrikePoint Gold Inc.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the six months ended June 30, 2017

This Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") of StrikePoint Gold Inc. ("StrikePoint" or the "Company") provides an analysis of the Company's financial results for the six months ended June 30, 2017 and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the six months ended June 30, 2017 and the related notes thereto, prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard No.34, Interim Financial Reporting. This MD&A should also be read in conjunction with the Company's audited annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2016 and the related notes thereto. All amounts are expressed in Canadian dollars, unless otherwise stated. All documents previously mentioned are available for viewing on SEDAR at www.sedar.com. This MD&A is based on information available as at August 29, 2017.

Management is responsible for the preparation and integrity of the financial statements, including the maintenance of appropriate information systems, procedures and internal controls. Management is also responsible for ensuring that information disclosed externally, including that within the Company's financial statements and MD&A, is complete and reliable.

All dollar amounts included therein and in the following MD&A are expressed in Canadian dollars except where noted. This discussion contains forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. Such information, although considered to be accurate and actual results may differ materially from those anticipated in the statements made. Additional information on the Company is available for viewing on SEDAR at www.sedar.com and on the Company's website at www.strikepointgold.com.

Company Description

StrikePoint Gold Inc. (the "Company" or "StrikePoint") is an exploration-stage Company engaged in the acquisition, exploration and development of mineral properties of merit in Canada with the aim of developing them to a stage where they can be exploited at a profit or arranging joint ventures whereby other companies provide funding for development and exploitation.

Yukon Properties

In January 2017, the Company signed a Definitive Agreement to acquire 14,031 claims defining 22 properties over 282,000 hectares located in the Yukon, Canada (See below), grouped together under the following:

- Mahtin (see **Mahtin Property 43-101** section)
- Golden Oly
- Pluto
- Kluane
- Dawson
- Ross River

In prior years, the Company's exploration activities have been focused on mineral exploration in the Lobstick area near Lake of the Woods, Ontario, Black Raven property in the Hemlo District, Ontario and the Angelina area in southeast Manitoba. To date, the Company has not yet determined whether these properties contain economically recoverable minerals.

The Company is listed on the Canadian TSX Venture Exchange under the symbol SKP.

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Definitive Agreement with IDM Mining –Yukon Property Acquisition

On January 19, 2017, the Company signed a Definitive Agreement (the "Agreement") with IDM Mining Ltd. ("IDM"), a Canadian public company, to purchase a 100% interest in 14,031 claims defining 22 properties over 282,000 hectares located in the Yukon, Canada. Several properties are 'drill ready' targets, while the others are in advanced stages of exploration. The terms of the Agreement are as follows:

- pay \$150,000 in cash (paid);
- issue 10,500,000 common shares of the Company (issued); and
- incur \$1,500,000 in exploration expenditures by December 31, 2017 (spent \$1,224,094 at June 30, 2017).

Strikepoint will appoint two of IDM's designated representatives to its Board of Directors (one of which is Michael McPhie who was appointed to the Company's Board on May 1, 2017). IDM has been granted an Equity Participation Right, allowing IDM to maintain its Pro-Rata Interest. IDM has a Right of First Refusal for two years on the sale of any of the Yukon properties.

This transaction closed during March 2017 upon obtaining regulatory approvals, third party consents and upon the Company obtaining shareholder approval (as the transaction will result in the creation of a new control block being held by IDM).

The Yukon portfolio consists of 14,031 claims covering 22 properties in 46 claim groups totalling 282,000 hectares (the "Properties"). The Properties cover multiple tectonic and metallogenic environments as well as a variety of mineral deposit styles common in Yukon. The Properties were previously held by Ryan Gold Corp. ("Ryan Gold") and its subsidiaries, and received significant exploration work, with approximately \$25 million (as disclosed in Ryan Gold's 2014 year end MD&A) in expenditures incurred. The Properties have limited holding costs. Previous work by Ryan Gold included significant exploration drill programs on two of the Properties, with tens of thousands of rock and soil samples collected during grass-roots exploration programs in several districts throughout Yukon. Additionally, geophysical surveys and geologic mapping programs have outlined many anomalous areas that have not received follow-up work.

The company filed a National Instrument 43-101 technical report on the Mahtin property, Yukon, on March 15, 2017.

Three drill-ready properties have been selected based on exploration history, anomalous surface gold showings and current understanding of the geological settings. Each target property is 100% owned by the Company, and was formerly held by Ryan Gold Corp., which completed over \$25-million in exploration expenditures across the Yukon portfolio, which is a land package comprising 14,031 claims defining 22 properties over 282,000 hectares.

Strikepoint Gold is planning a surgical exploration program for 2017, spending a minimum of \$2-million on selected targets within the portfolio. The work will be focused on proving geological concepts highlighted in the extensive historical exploration work and advancing them from anomalous regions to well-defined targets and new discoveries.

Pluto

The Pluto property is in the Kluane region and is one of the largest in this portfolio, approximately 40 by 30 kilometres in size. Pluto sits relatively close to the latest discoveries in the White Gold district, and is aligned along strike with this group of projects, including Goldcorp's Coffee project, which was acquired from Kaminak for \$520-million, and Kinross's White Gold project, which was acquired from Underworld for \$140-million. Initial analysis of the geology seems to show a unique mineralizing system for the area, the formation of skarns in contact with large, regional ring dike volcanic features.

The presence of a shallowly dipping limestone unit in the local lithology has become a focus for mineralization when intercepted by dikes of rhyolitic/dacitic material. The skarns subsequently produce anomalous gold-in-soil results where they outcrop in the sides of the valleys, which indicate that there is volume potential of the mineralization, a hypothesis that will be drill tested in 2017.

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Other information about the Pluto property:

- Highest gold-in-soil assay from the entire Yukon portfolio database at 15.43 grams per tonne (g/t) gold;
- 15,908 soils taken to date on property;
- Grab samples returning grades upward of 7.11 g/t gold;
- Relatively unexplored region of the Yukon-Tanana terrane, south of Goldcorp's recently acquired Kaminak Coffee project and 45 kilometres southwest of Rockhaven Resources' Klaza project.

The Company, in a news release dated August 22, 2017, has released initial assays from grab samples collected from across the Pluto property in the Kluane region of the Yukon Territory.

A total of 68 surface sample assays have been completed to date by ALS Laboratories and results reflect the polymetallic nature of the Pluto property. Gold assays ranged from trace to 48.4 grams per tonne gold, including a separate sample of 36.3 g/t Au. The highest-grade samples were collected from the Charon target, which is the current focus of a rotary air blast drill program.

Samples from within the same area also returned elevated copper values copper, with results ranging from trace to 1.23%. Copper mineralization appears to be localized in schist units, while gold is associated with arsenopyrite and pyrite within marble and skarn layers. Surface mineralization at Charon has a strike of 1.2 kilometres west to east, and 400 metres north to south, and is still open on all sides.

In addition to the gold and copper values, this latest set of results has returned silver assays from trace to 333 g/t. The high-grade silver sample runs 2.07 g/t gold and represents a significant easterly stepout of two km from the Charon zone. Samples collected from between this location and the central Charon area are still pending assays.

Extensive mapping and study of the area since mid-July, 2017 have shown that mineralization is not linked to a single skarn layer as initially thought, but instead there is evidence of multiple lithologically controlled beds that are stacked in section, with the presence of sulphide mineralization throughout. These units align well with resistivity/conductivity data gathered during a ground induced polarization (IP) survey by Groundtruth Exploration and are proving useful for drill targeting.

The Company is currently drilling on the Charon target and will shortly be moving to drill test the Hydra target, located six km to the southwest. Hydra has shown similar geology and mineralization to Charon as well as compelling geophysical data. All drill results are currently pending and will be reported on as soon as available.

Mahtin

The Mahtin property is synonymous in geological setting and mineralization style as Victoria Gold's Eagle gold project, 40 kilometres away to the northeast. The model defining Eagle, an intrusion-related gold system, is characterized by mineralization focused in 070-trending/vertically dipping sheeted quartz veins. Mineralized sheeted quartz veins are found on the Mahtin property's two intrusive stocks: Sprague Creek (3.6 by 1.5 kilometres) and Bos (four by 1.1 kilometres).

A summary of the Mahtin property includes:

- Grab samples up to 15.01 g/t gold on the property;
- 18,406 soils taken on property between 2010 and 2012;
- Detailed 1:10,000 scale geological mapping across the main targets;
- Radiometric, electromagnetic and magnetic airborne geophysical surveys;
- Two untested intrusion-related gold-hosted targets on the property:
 - Mineralized sheeted quartz veins returning grades upward of 3.37 g/t gold in grabs;
 - A possible third geochemical target is evolving in the southwestern portion of the property that could be an additional intrusion-related gold system;

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- Distances to surrounding projects which use the intrusion-related gold system model:
 - Immediately bordering AM Gold's Red Mountain;
 - Five kilometres east of Victoria Gold's Clear Creek;
 - 50 kilometres west of Golden Predator's Brewery Creek;
 - 40 kilometres to the southwest of Victoria Gold's Dublin Gulch.

The Company, in a news release dated August 9, 2017, has provided the encouraging results from surface sampling undertaken in June, 2017, at its wholly-owned Mahtin gold property. Rock chip samples from skarn material over an area extending for 900 metres returned grades up to 9.20 grams per tonne Au. Additional samples from an area previously thought to be unmineralized graded up to 2.20 g/t Au. A rotary air blast drill program of six holes totalling 630 m has been completed in this area. Results are pending.

Samples grading up to 293 g/t silver were also returned from an area one kilometre to the east of the drilled area suggesting mineralization extends into the adjacent valley. The results received to date suggest an area of interest extending over a two km strike length. Additional stepout sample results are pending. The majority of sulphides observed and encouraging gold and silver grades are from limestone skarns around the periphery of the Sprague Creek stock. Additionally, arsenopyrite-bearing quartz veins were sampled from within the granodiorite stock itself for which results are also pending.

The May-Qu target, 17 kilometres to the southeast of Mahtin North target has also been mapped and sampled. Initial results from grab sampling have returned assays including 2.22 g/t Au, 2.12 g/t Au and 1.74 g/t Au. An RAB drill program of three holes totalling 300 m has also been completed here.

Further assays are pending from the laboratory for both surface sampling and the initial drilling. Results will be released when these are finalized.

Golden-Oly

Golden-Oly is another large assemblage of claims, measuring 40 by 25 kilometres in size. It lays along the North Canol Road and is close to the border with the Northwest Territories. Traditionally, this area has been explored with a focus more on tungsten and zinc, but from the work undertaken across the project, there are several gold targets.

Airborne geophysics flown in 2012 highlighted six individual anomalies that correspond to topographic highs in the field. Some of these are partially exposed cores of granodioritic intrusions, while others exhibit hornfelsing around buried plutons. This area is along the southern edge of the Selwyn basin, and these plutons seem to be synonymous with the intrusion-related gold systems at Mahtin (north of the Selwyn basin). Soil sampling across these anomalies has further highlighted the anomalous gold-in-soil results, as well as having a geochemical fingerprint (gold-arsenic-bismuth) that is a known marker for these types of deposits.

Drilling in 2017 is designed to target one of these anomalies (the Nuke intrusive) to further enforce the model, to assess grade potential and as proof of concept for the other five targets on the property.

The Golden-Oly property:

- Located near the historical sedex discovery Tom-Jason lead-zinc region of the Yukon:
 - Surrounded by Selwyn Chihong Mining Ltd.'s Selwyn project, Overland Resource's Andrew project and Constantine-Carlin Gold's JV Yukon gold projects;
- Neighbouring PDM property (100-per-cent Strikepoint owner) has another target that is synonymous with those seen at Golden-Oly;
- Sheeted polymetallic veins returning grades up to 19.5 g/t gold and over 100 g/t silver on the Nug prospect;
- Extensive anomalous gold in soils between 20 and 50 parts per billion gold across the entire property that could be indicative of other deposit types on the property.

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The Yukon has re-emerged as a world-class exploration district with recent discoveries and acquisitions in 2016, including Golden Predator's 3 Aces discovery, Goldcorp's \$520-million purchase of Kaminak Gold's Coffee project and Agnico-Eagle's continuing investment into the White Gold district. The Strikepoint Gold portfolio holds properties in these emerging and known gold districts representing several geological domains and potential for commodities beyond just gold.

OTCQB

Strikepoint Gold Inc.'s common shares have commenced trading on the OTCQB Market, under the symbol STKXF. Strikepoint will continue to trade on the TSX Venture Exchange under the symbol SKP.

OTC Markets Group Inc., located in New York, N.Y., operates the world's largest electronic interdealer quotation system for broker-dealers to trade over 10,000 securities not listed on any other United States stock exchange.

OTCQB provides Strikepoint with exposure to both institutional and retail investors through major on-line and full-service brokerage firms. Trades are settled and cleared in the United States similar to any Nasdaq Stock Market or New York Stock Exchange stock, and trade reports are disseminated through major financial data providers. U.S. investors can find current financial disclosure and real-time level 2 quotes for Strikepoint on the OTCQB website.

Private Placements

During March 2017, the Company issued 6,779,664 flow-through shares at \$0.295 per share for gross proceeds of \$2,000,001. A Finder's fee totalling \$140,000 and 474,576 finder's warrants were paid in conjunction with this private placement.

During April 2017, the Company issued 3,524,490 non-flow-through units at \$0.295 per unit for gross proceeds totalling \$1,039,725. Each unit consists of one common share and one share purchase warrant. Each warrant entitles the holder to acquire one common share of the Company at a price of \$0.50 per share for a two-year period. Finders' fees totalling \$65,873 and 223,334 finders' warrants were paid in conjunction with this private placement.

During May 2017, the Company issued 13,157,000 flow-through units at \$0.38 per unit for gross proceeds totalling \$4,999,660. Each flow-through unit consists of one flow-through common share and one-half non-flow-through share purchase warrant, with each whole warrant being exercisable at a price of \$0.50 per share for a two year period. Finders' fees totalling \$280,763 and 738,850 finders' warrants were paid in conjunction with this private placement.

Sale of Black Raven Property

The TSX Venture Exchange has accepted for filing documentation pertaining to an acquisition agreement dated April 23, 2017, between Canadian Orebodies Inc. and the Company, whereby Canadian Orebodies Inc. ("CORE") has agreed to acquire a 100% interest in 31 mineral claims (the Black Raven property) located 14 kilometres northeast of Marathon, Ont.

Under the terms of the agreement, CORE made a \$15,000 cash payment (received), issued 1.25 million common shares (received) and issued 250,000 common share purchase warrants (received) as consideration. Each warrant entitles the holder to acquire one common share at \$0.63 for a one-year period.

CORE has also executed a termination and assumption agreement dated April 23, 2017, with the underlying optionors of the property, in order to terminate the underlying option agreement, discharge a future milestone payment and assume the underlying royalty obligations. The termination agreement requires CORE to issue 200,000 common shares on closing to the optionors and assume a 2.5-per-cent net smelter royalty.

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Lobstick Property – Ontario

On November 26, 2013, the Company entered into an option agreement with an unrelated individual (the "Optionor") whereby the Optionor granted the Company the option to acquire a 100% undivided right, title and interest in the optioned property (the "Lobstick Property") located in the Lobstick area near Lake of the Woods, Ontario.

In order to exercise the option, the Company must pay and issue to the Optionor:

- Payment of \$5,000 and the issuance of 5,000 common shares of the Company on or before December 15, 2013 of which \$5,000 was paid on December 11, 2013 with the issue date for the common shares extended to January 21, 2014 (issued);
- Payment of \$5,000 and the issuance of 5,000 common shares of the Company upon confirmation of plan and permit acceptance by the Ontario Ministry of Northern Development and Mines, paid and issued, respectively, on June 10, 2014;
- Payment of \$15,000 (paid) and the issuance of 10,000 common shares (issued) of the Company, on or before December 15, 2014;
- Payment of \$15,000 (paid) and the issuance of 10,000 common shares (issued) of the Company, on or before December 15, 2015;
- Payment of \$15,000 (paid) and the issuance of 10,000 common shares (issued) of the Company, on or before December 15, 2016; and
- Payment of \$15,000 and the issuance of 10,000 common shares of the Company, on or before December 15, 2017.

In addition, the Company must fulfill all work commitments relating the Lobstick Property comprised of \$12,000 per year by April 8 of each year. The Company may accelerate the cash payments, share issuances and work commitments at its discretion. The Company will be the operator of the Lobstick Property during the term of the option agreement.

During the six months ended June 30, 2017, the Company incurred \$19,850 (2016 - \$18,675 – assaying, \$35,765 – geological consulting) of geological consulting expenditures on the Lobstick Property.

Following the exercise of the option, the Company must pay and issue to the Optionor:

- \$50,000 plus 100,000 common shares of the Company within 30 days of filing a technical report under National Instrument 43-101 demonstrating mineral resources on any part of the Lobstick Property;
- \$50,000 plus 100,000 common shares of the Company within 30 days of filing a positive, bankable feasibility study (as defined under National Instrument 43-101) with respect to any part of the Lobstick Property; and
- A 3% net smelter return royalty with respect to the Lobstick Property upon commencement of commercial production, for which the Company may repurchase two-thirds of the 3% net smelter return royalty from the Optionor for \$1,000,000 for each one-third repurchased.

Angelina Property – Manitoba

On March 20, 2014, the Company entered into an option agreement with JOVG Global Mineral Enterprises ("JOVG") on the Company's 100% owned Angelina property, located in Rice Lake Belt, Manitoba. Pursuant to the terms of the option agreement, JOVG, a private company based in Winnipeg, Manitoba, had the option to earn a 50% undivided interest in the Angelina property by conducting a minimum of \$150,000 in exploration work on the property before February 15, 2015 (incurred); a further \$150,000 by February 15, 2016 and a further \$250,000 by each of February 15, 2017 and 2018. During the year ended December 31, 2015, JOVG returned the property to the Company. During the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2016, the Company incurred \$5,682 and \$Nil, respectively, of exploration expenditures on the Angelina Property. The expenditures incurred during the year ended December 31, 2015 were comprised of \$5,560 for geological consulting fees and \$122 for travel. No expenditures were incurred during the year ended December 31, 2016 or during the six months ended June 30, 2017.

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Results of Operations

Three months ended June 30, 2017

During the three months ended June 30, 2017 (the "current period"), the Company incurred a loss of \$1,828,689 compared to a loss of \$443,727 during the three months ended June 30, 2016 (the "comparative period"). The significant variances between the current period and the comparative period are as follows:

Exploration costs

During the current period, the Company incurred \$951,007 of exploration expenditures on the Yukon claims, primarily comprised of \$612,578 for drilling costs, \$296,691 for field costs, \$15,525 for report writing, and \$26,213 for geological services as well as \$14,600 for geological consulting fees relating to the Lobstick property.

During the comparative period, the Company incurred \$35,765 of exploration expenditures on the Lobstick property for geological consulting.

Fair value adjustment on investments

During the current period, the Company recorded a loss of \$232,729 on the fair value adjustment of its investments in CORE.

Gain on sale of Black Raven property

During the current period, the Company sold its Black Raven property to CORE, which resulted in a gain on sale of \$653,703.

Professional fees

During the current period, the Company incurred \$38,160 of professional fees expense compared to \$16,674 during the comparative period. This increase is a result of increased corporate activity.

Shareholder communications

During the current period, the Company incurred \$59,275 of shareholder communication expense compared to \$17,296 during the comparative period. The increase is primarily due to the Company's increase corporate activity during the current period.

Share-based payments

Share-based payments expense of \$1,051,215 for the current period relates to 3,855,000 stock options granted during the current period.

Six Months ended June 30, 2017

During the six months ended June 30, 2017 (the "current six-month period"), the Company incurred a loss of \$6,526,679 compared to a loss of \$573,665 during the six months ended June 30, 2016 (the "comparative six-month period"). The significant variances are as follows:

Exploration

During the current six-month period, the Company incurred \$1,224,094 of exploration expenditures on the Yukon claims, primarily comprised of \$190,470 for claims renewal fees, \$612,577 for drilling costs, \$363,983 for field costs \$28,850 for report writing and \$28,214 for geological services as well as \$19,850 for geological consulting fees relating to the Lobstick property.

During the comparative six-month period, the Company incurred \$35,765 of exploration expenditures on the Lobstick property for geological consulting and \$18,675 for assaying.

Fair value adjustment on investments

During the current six-month period, the Company recorded a loss of \$232,729 on the fair value adjustment of its investments in CORE.

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Gain on sale of Black Raven property

During the current six-month period, the Company sold its Black Raven property to CORE, which resulted in a gain on sale of \$653,703.

Option payments

During the comparative six-month period, the Company paid \$25,000 and issued 10,000 common shares pursuant to the Black Raven and Lobstick option agreements.

Property acquisition costs

During the current six-month period, the Company paid \$150,000 and issued 10,500,000 common shares with a value of \$4,042,500 pursuant to the acquisition of the Yukon property (see Definitive Agreement with IDM Mining –Yukon Property Acquisition section above).

Share-based payments

Share-based payments expense of \$1,098,505 for the current six-month period relates to 3,980,000 stock options granted during the current six-month period.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

As at June 30, 2017, the Company had current assets of \$7,180,374 (December 31, 2016 - \$966,247), total assets of \$7,183,850 (December 31, 2016 - \$970,653) and total liabilities of \$83,680 (December 31, 2016 - \$38,987). As at June 30, 2017, the Company had no long-term debt outstanding. There are no known trends in the Company's liquidity or capital resources.

The Company has financed its operations to date primarily through the sale of mineral properties, issuance of common shares, exercise of stock options and share purchase warrants. The Company continues to seek capital through various means including the issuance of equity and/or debt.

The Company has not paid any dividends on its common shares. The Company has no present intention of paying dividends on its common shares, as it anticipates that all available funds will be invested to finance the growth of its business.

The continuing operations of the Company are dependent upon its ability to continue to raise adequate financing and/or commence profitable operations in the future.

Summary of Quarterly Results

Three months ended (\$)	2015 Q3	2015 Q4	2016 Q1	2016 Q2	2016 Q3	2016 Q4	2017 Q1	2017 Q2
Loss	(100,591)	(271,935)	(129,938)	(443,727)	(188,090)	(314,537)	(4,697,990)	(1,828,689)
Loss per share	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.02)	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.13)	(0.03)

Fluctuations in quarterly results

- Loss for the Q3 2015 period is mainly comprised of general operating expenditures as well as exploration expenditures totalling \$6,012.
- Loss for the Q4 2015 period is a result of \$17,000 in property option payments on the Lobstick property, \$130,463 in exploration expenditures and the balance for general operation expenses.
- Loss for the Q1 2016 period is comprised of the \$26,500 property option payments and \$18,675 exploration costs with the balance of \$84,763 pertaining to general operation expenses.
- Loss for the Q2 2016 period is comprised of \$35,765 of exploration costs, \$321,608 of share-based payments expense with the balance of \$86,354 pertaining to general operation expenses.

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- Loss for the Q3 2016 period is comprised of \$11,100 of exploration costs, \$30,000 of management fees, \$95,051 of share-based payments expense with the balance of \$52,020 pertaining to general operation expenses.
- Loss for the Q4 2016 period is comprised of \$30,000 of management fees, \$156,833 of share-based payments expense with the balance of \$127,724 pertaining to general operation expenses.
- Loss for the Q1 2017 period is comprised of \$4,192,500 of property acquisition payments and \$278,337 of exploration costs as well as \$37,500 of management fees, \$47,290 of share-based payments expense with the balance of \$142,363 pertaining to general operation expenses.
- Loss for the Q2 2017 period is mainly comprised of \$965,607 for exploration costs, \$1,051,215 for share-based payments, \$232,729 fair value loss on investments, offset by the gain on sale of the Black Raven property of \$653,703.

Commitments

The Company is required to incur exploration expenditures on its mineral claims to meet the conditions of holding its mineral rights and keep the mineral leases in good standing. Each provincial jurisdiction imposes expenditure requirements which vary from province to province and from year to year.

The Company has incurred sufficient exploration expenditures on the Angelina property to maintain the claims in good standing for the next 4 years and, as a result, there are no related commitments for this property over the next 4 years.

The Company is required to incur annual work commitments of \$12,000 per year on the Lobstick property to maintain the claims in good standing. During the year ended December 31, 2016, the Company incurred \$64,481 of exploration expenditures on the Lobstick property.

The Company is also required to incur exploration expenditures totalling \$1,500,000 on the Yukon properties by December 31, 2017 (of which \$,224,094 has been incurred as at June 30, 2017).

New Accounting Policy

Flow-through shares

The Company renounces qualifying Canadian exploration expenditures to certain share subscribers who subscribe for flow-through shares in accordance with the Income Tax Act (Canada). Under these provisions, the Company is required to incur and renounce qualifying expenditures on a timely basis for the respective flow-through subscriptions and, accordingly, it is not entitled to the related tax deductions and tax credits for such expenditures.

Any premium received by the Company on the issuance of flow-through shares is initially recorded as a liability ("deferred premium on flow through shares"). As the qualifying expenditures are incurred, a deferred tax liability is recognized and the deferred premium will be reversed provided that the Company has renounced, or there is reasonable expectation that the Company will renounce, the tax benefits associated with the related expenditures. To the extent that suitable deferred tax assets are available, the Company will reduce the deferred tax liability.

Transactions with Related Parties

During the six months ended June 30, 2017, the Company entered into the following transactions with related parties:

- a) Paid or accrued management fees of \$90,000 (2016 - \$60,000) to the CEO of the Company.
- b) Paid or accrued professional fees of \$28,000 (2016 - \$12,500) to iO Corporate Services Ltd., a company controlled by the Corporate Secretary of the Company and related to the Company's CFO.
- c) Recorded share-based payment expense of \$663,880 (2016 - \$139,006) in conjunction with the granting of stock options to directors and offers of the Company.

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Key management personnel compensation disclosed above (including senior officers and certain directors of the Company):

	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016
Short-term benefits	\$ 118,000	\$ 60,000
Share-based payments	663,880	139,006

Contingencies

The Company has no contingencies as at the date of this MD&A.

Off Balance Sheet Arrangements

The Company has no off Balance Sheet arrangements as at the date of this MD&A.

Proposed Transactions

The Company has not entered into any undisclosed proposed transactions as at the date of this MD&A.

Investor Relations

The Company has no investor relations contracts as at the date of this MD&A.

Current Share Data

As of August 29, 2017, the Company has:

- 59,963,837 common shares issued and outstanding;
- 5,680,000 stock options outstanding with exercise prices between \$0.15 and \$0.43, expiring between April 26, 2021 and May 10, 2022; and
- 11,539,750 share purchase warrants with exercise prices between \$0.295 and \$0.50, expiring between March 22 and May 1, 2019.

Industry and Operational Risks

The Company is subject to a number of risks and uncertainties, the more significant of which are discussed below. Additional risks and uncertainties not presently known to the Company may impact the Company's financial results in the future.

Financing Risks

Being a junior mining exploration company in Canada and in the exploration business means that the Company must raise the necessary financings for future exploration. Those financings depend to a large degree on commodity price trends, general investment sentiment for companies in the sector and the ability of the Company's ability to find and confirm the existence of minerals in sufficient quantities and qualities on its exploration lands. Management is of the view that these risks faced by the Company are not greater than those risk encountered by its peers in Canada.

The Company will require additional financing to conduct exploration on its mineral properties and to fund General and Administration costs. There is no assurance that the Company will be able to raise the required financing through equity financings, debt financings, divestment of its properties or joint venture arrangements. A lack of financing in the future could cause the Company to reduce or postpone exploration spending, reduce exploration and corporate personnel, reduce the size of its mineral property ownership and create going concern issues for the Company.

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General Economic Risks

As the Company continues to focus on its exploration in Canada, the operations will be subject to economic, political and social risks inherent in doing business in Canada. The risks come from matters based on policies of the government, economic conditions, changes in tax regime, changes in regulation, foreign exchange fluctuations and other factors that may change in the future.

Environmental Risks

All phases of the Company's operations are subject to environmental regulations and potentially social licensing in the jurisdictions it operates in. World-wide environmental regulation is changing to require stricter standards and enforcement, increased fines for non-compliance, more assessment for projects, and a heightened degree of responsibility for companies and their officers, directors, employees and consultants. Although the company believes that it has taken the proper steps to protect the environment related to its operations, there is no assurance that future changes in environmental regulation in Canada will not adversely affect the Company's operations or result in substantial costs and liabilities in the future.

Aboriginal Claims Risks

Aboriginal peoples have claimed aboriginal title and rights to portions of Canada. The Company is not aware that any claims have been made in respect of its properties and assets; however, if a claim arose and was successful, such claim may have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

Forward-looking statements

Certain information set forth in this MD&A, including management's assessment of the Company's future plans and operations, contains forward-looking statements, which are based on the Company's current internal expectations, estimates, projections, assumptions and beliefs, which may prove to be incorrect. Some of the forward-looking statements may be identified by words such as "expects", "anticipates", "believes", "projects", "plans" and similar expressions. These statements are not guarantees of future performance and undue reliance should not be placed on them. Such forward-looking statements necessarily involve known and unknown risks and uncertainties, which may cause the Company's actual performance and financial results in future periods to differ materially from any projections of future performance or results expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. The Company is a mineral exploration company and is exposed to a number of risks and uncertainties that are common to companies in the same business. These risks and uncertainties include, among other things, the speculative nature of mineral exploration and development activities, the Company's need for additional funding to continue its exploration efforts, operating hazards and risks incidental to mineral exploration, the Company's properties are in the exploration stage only and do not contain a known body of commercial ore, uncertainties associated with title to mineral properties, changes in general economic, market and business conditions; competition for, among other things, capital, acquisitions of mineral properties and skilled personnel; ability to obtain required mine licenses, mine permits and regulatory approvals required to proceed with mining operations; ability to comply with current and future environmental and other laws; actions by governmental or regulatory authorities including increasing taxes and changes in other regulations; and the occurrence of unexpected events involved in mineral exploration, development and production.